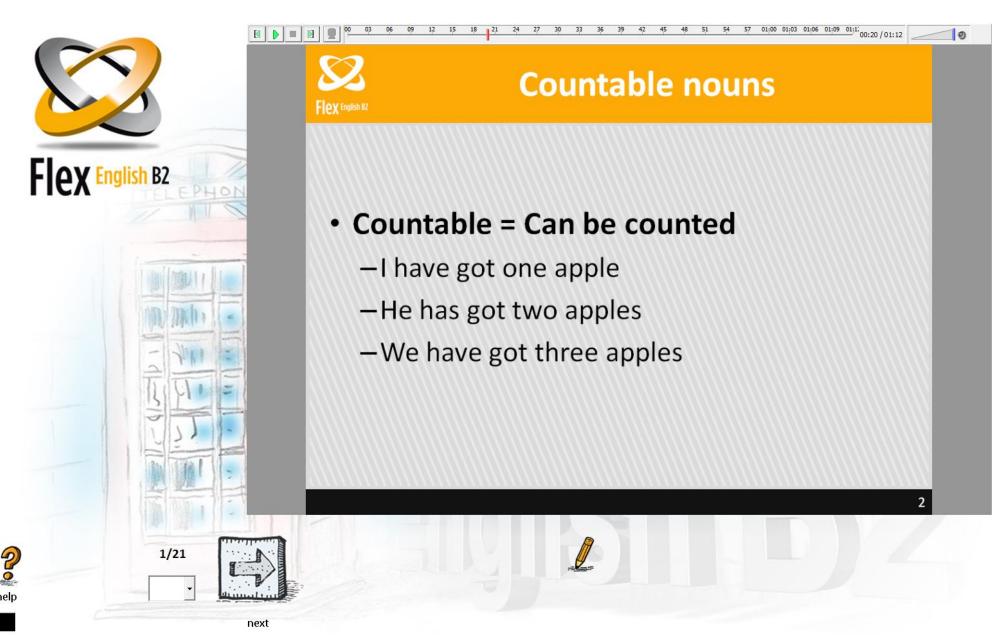
Nouns: Video lesson





Nouns: Follow up exercise Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules. few Flex English B2 the Countable nouns 1. Countable nouns are the nouns that have a singular and a ___1__ number. e.g. I have got a cat. I have got two cats. 2. In the singular number the articles a/an and 2 are used. X e.g. I want to eat an egg. The egg on the table is broken. 3. In the plural number, only the article ___3__ is used. e.g. The boys are outside. 4. In the plural number, words like some, any, many and ___4__ may be used. e.g. I want some apples, I don't want any apples, I want many apples, I want a few apples. 1/4 1/1 next blank Marks: 10 / 10

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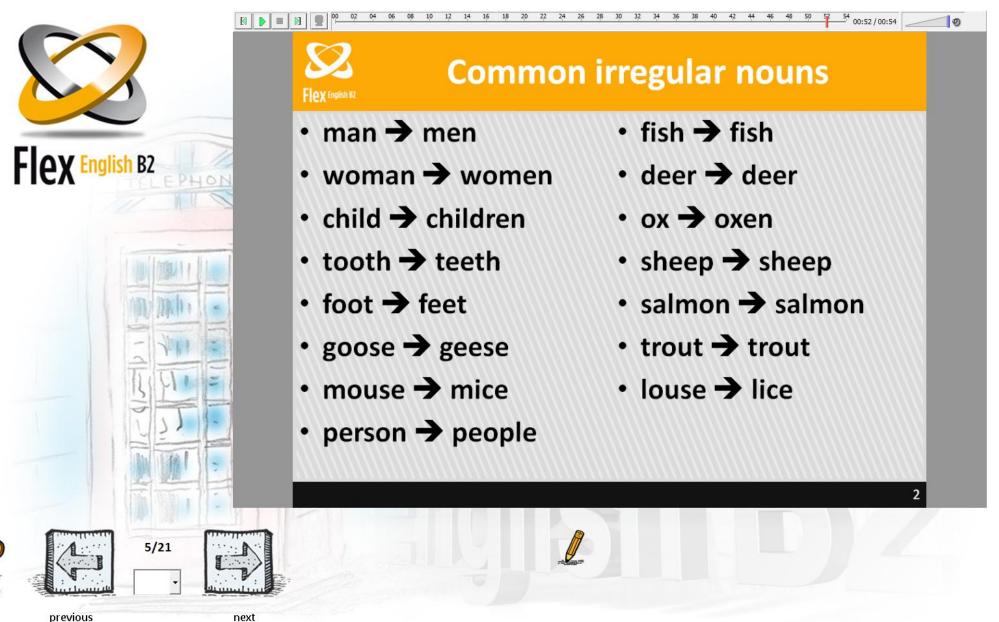
Nouns in plural: Video lesson



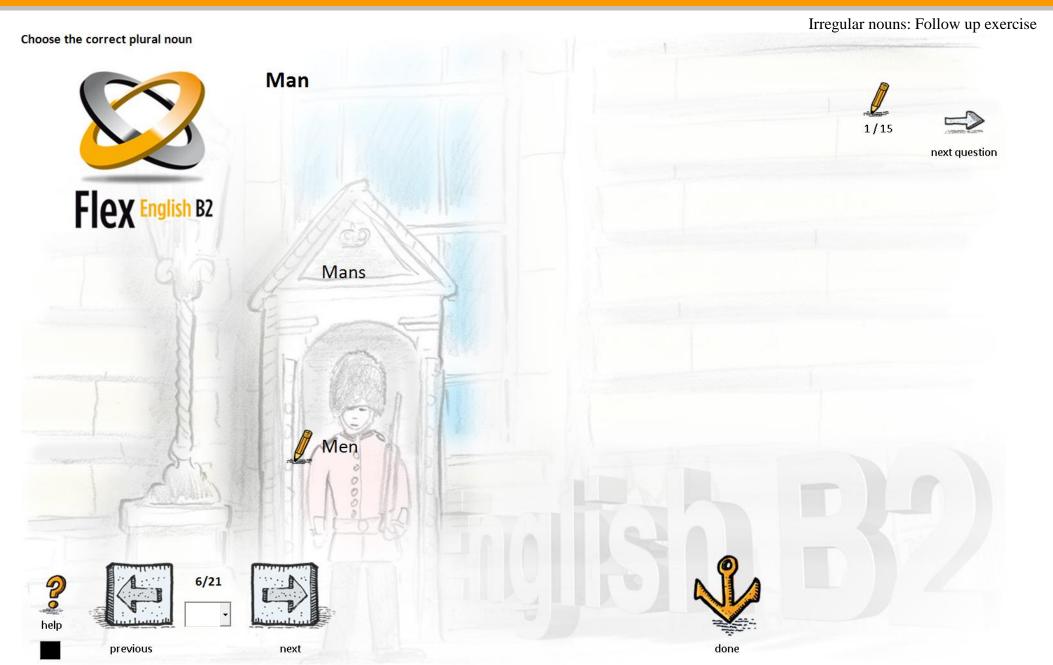


Nouns in plural: Follow up exercise Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules. **Regular Plural Nouns** 1. Regular Plural Nouns are Countable nouns that take one or more letters as their endings in the ___1__ number. 2. Regular Plural Nouns take the letter ____2__ when the word in the singular number ends in a consonant or vowel or vowel and the letter -y. -ies e.g. 'sister'-'sisters', 'zoo'-'zoos', 'toy'-'toys'. 3. Regular Plural Nouns take the letters ___3__ when the word in the singular number ends in the letters -ch, -ss, -sh, -x and -o. e.g. 'church'-'churches', 'dress'-'dresses', 'brush'-'brushes', 'box'-'boxes', 'tomato'-'tomatoes' go to next page > 1/5 1/2 Marks: 10 / 10 previous next

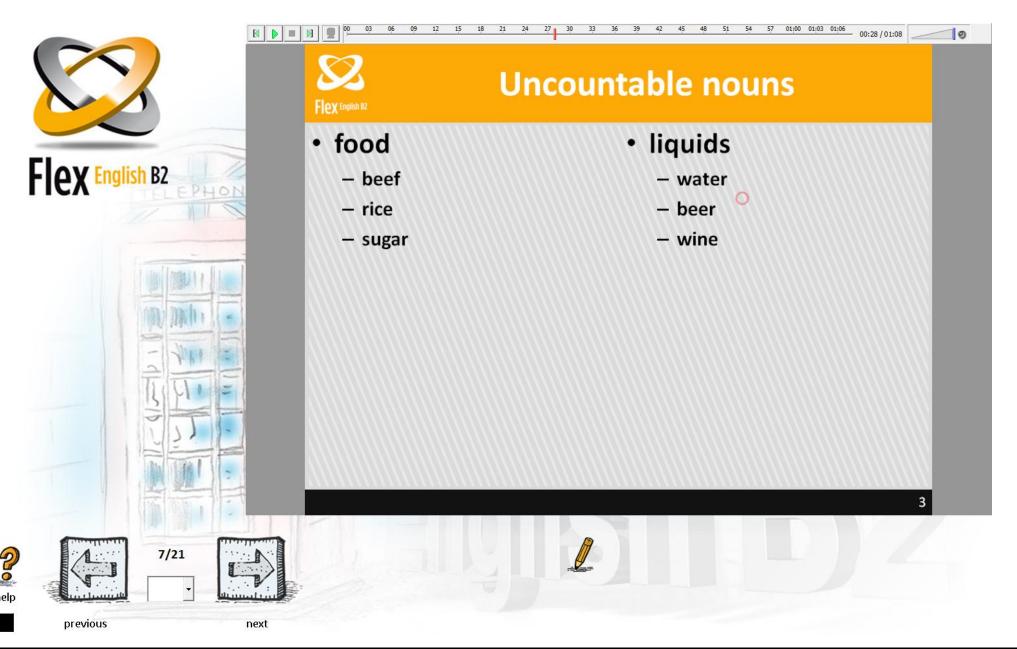
Irregular nouns: Video lesson







Uncountable nouns: Video lesson





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Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules.



Uncountable Nouns

- 1. Uncountable Nouns are the nouns that cannot be counted and therefore do not have a 1 number.
- 2. Uncountable Nouns may be words that refer to ___2__ such as meat, sugar and butter.
- 3. Uncountable Nouns may be words that refer to ___3__ such as milk, water and oil.
- 4. Uncountable Nouns may be words that refer to ___4__ such as wool, gold and paper.
- 5. Uncountable Nouns are usually types of ___5__ such as rain and snow.
- 6. Uncountable Nouns are usually 6 such as love, time and freedom.
- 7. The words advice, luggage, baggage, furniture, homework, ___7__, news, knowledge, are also uncountable nouns. For example, Bill Gates has a lot of money.







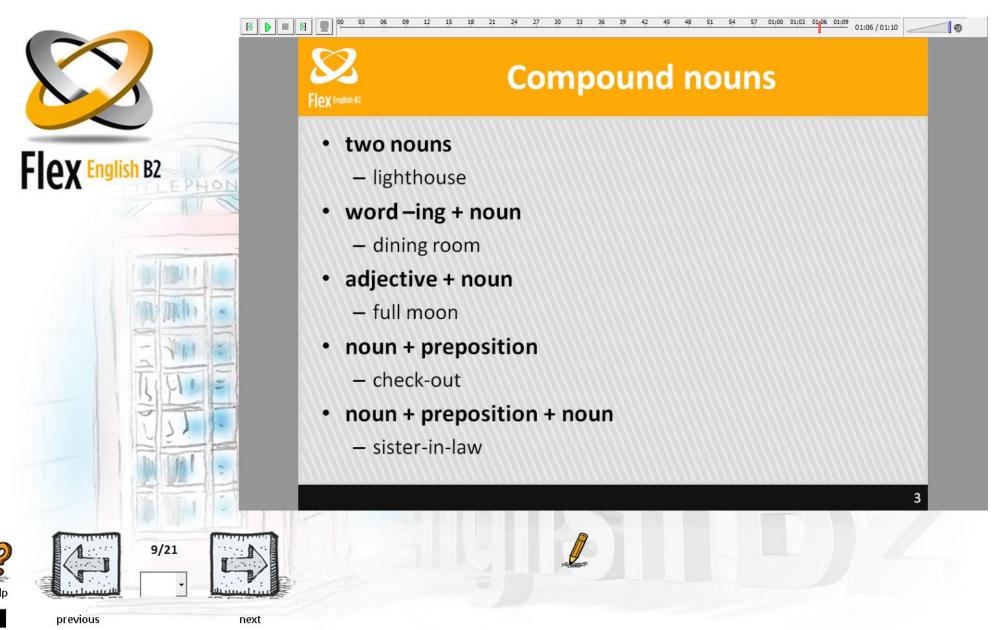




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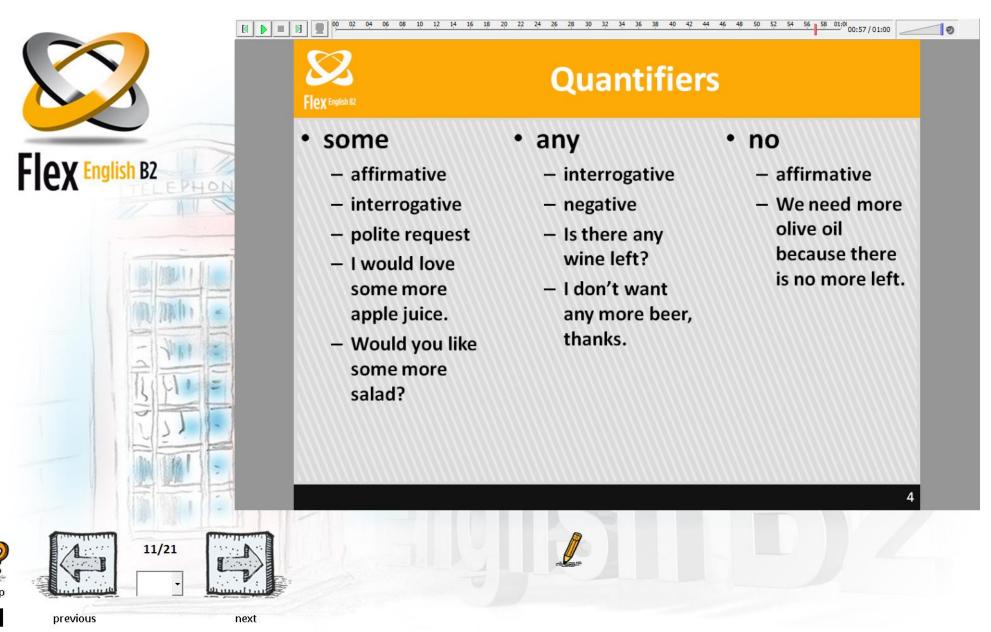
Compound nouns: Video lesson





Compound nouns: Follow up exercise Match the Compound Nouns combinations with their examples. Noun + Noun Living room Greenhouse -Ing + Noun Adjective + Noun Passer-by Noun + Preposition Beauty mask Noun + Preposition + Noun Sister-in-law 10/21 previous next done view correct

Quantifiers: Video lesson





Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules.



Some – Any – No

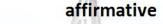
The words 'some', 'any' and 'no' are called quantifiers because they are used to indicate the quantity of the noun. They can be used with both uncountable and countable nouns in the plural, such as 'some apples' and 'any money'.

- 1. The quantifiers 'some', 'any' and 'no' are used with ___1_ and countable nouns in the plural number.
- e.g. I need some apples for the pie. There is no milk left.
- 2. 'Some' is used in the affirmative and ___2__ form only when making a polite request.
- e.g. This cake needs some more eggs. Would you like some tea?

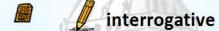
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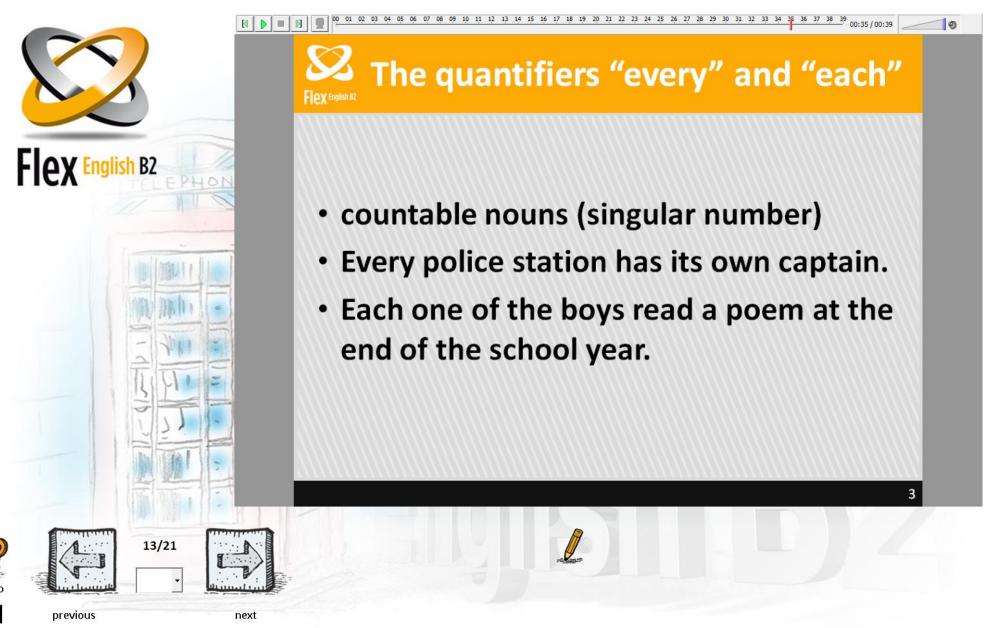


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More quantifiers I: Video lesson



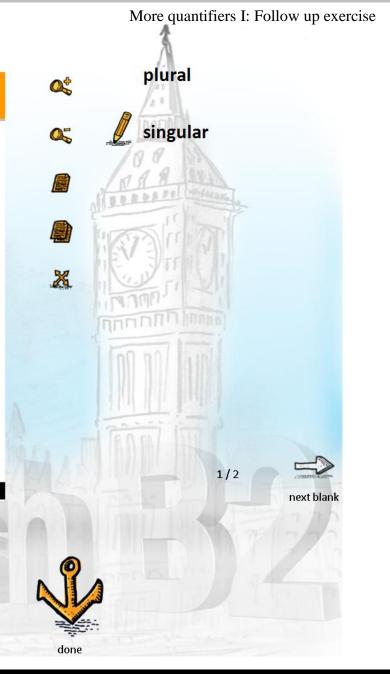


Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules.

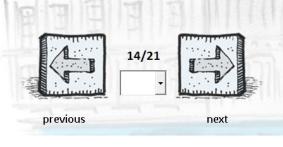


All - Each - Every

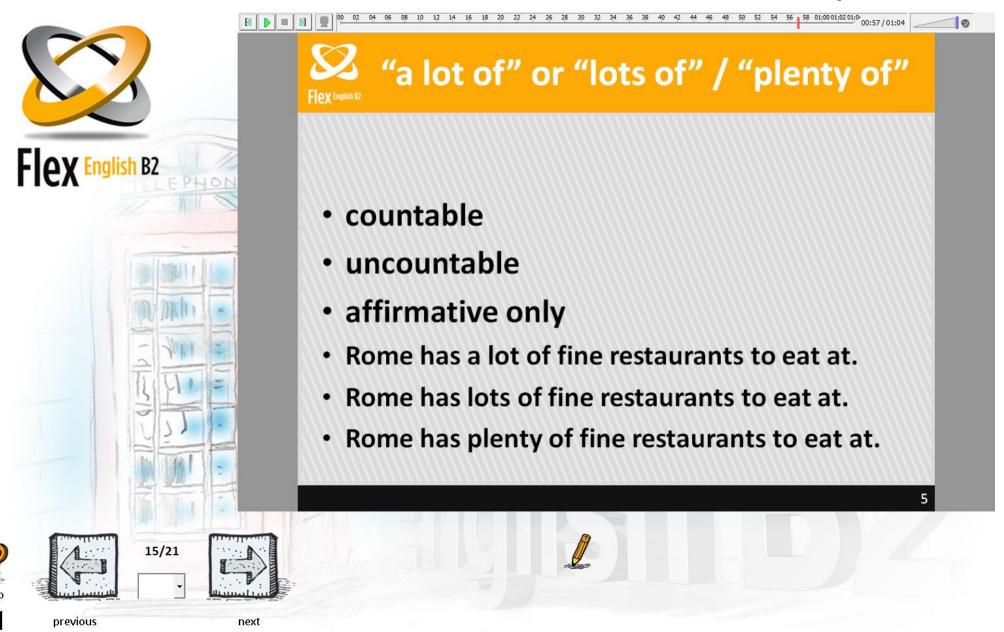
- 1. The word 'all' is used in the ___1__ number only.
- e.g. 'All the children left the party late'.
- 2. 'Every' and 'Each' are used with countable nouns in the ___2__ number.
- e.g. 'Every school has a canteen'. 'Each child has its own locker'.



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More quantifiers II: Video lesson





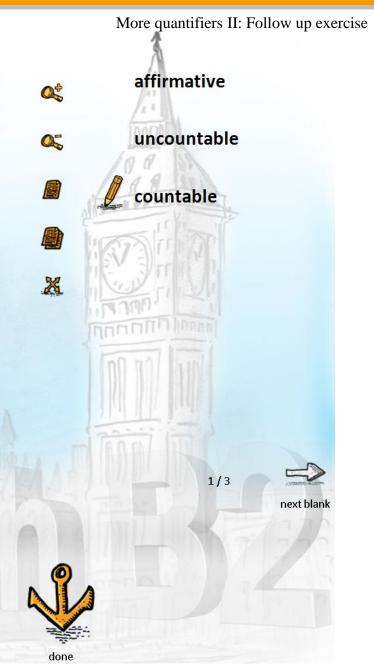
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Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules.



Much – Many – A lot of/Lots of – Plenty of

- 1. 'Much' is used with ___1_ nouns, in all three forms.
- E.g. 'I have got much money to get by'. 'Have you got much money to get by'? 'I haven't got much money to get by'.
- 2. 'Many' is used with ___2__ nouns, in all three forms, too.
- E.g. 'There are many people in the room'. 'Are there many people in the room'? 'There aren't many people in the room'.
- 3. 'A lot of/Lots of' and 'Plenty of' are use with both uncountable and countable nouns, usually in the ___3__ form.
- E.g. 'There are a lot of/lots of things to see in Paris'. 'Don't worry! There's plenty of time'!





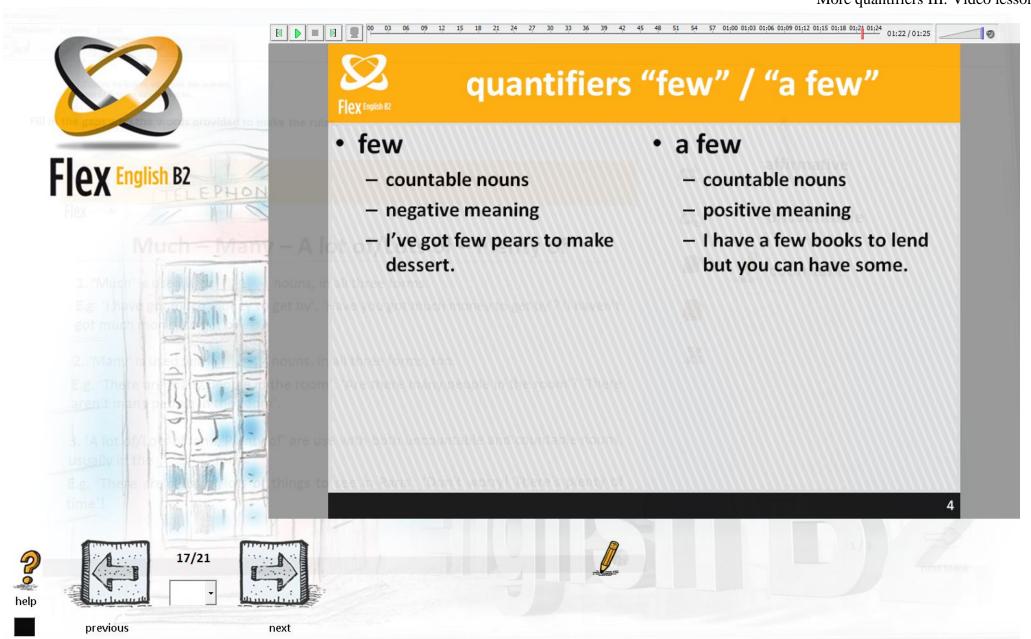






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More quantifiers III: Video lesson





Fill in the gaps with the words provided to make the rules.



Flex English E

Little / A little - Few / A few All - Each - Every

1. Use 'little' or 'a 'little' with ___1__ nouns. 'Little' has a ___2__ meaning in the sentence meaning not enough, but 'a little' has a positive meaning in the sentence meaning 'not much of something but enough'.

E.g. 'There's little time, I can't make it to the bus stop'. 'There's a little time left. We can go shopping'.

2. Use 'few' or' a few' with ___3__ nouns. 'A few' has a ___4__ sense, meaning not many but enough, whereas 'few' has a ___5__ sense, meaning not many and therefore not enough.

E.g. 'I have a few eggs, but they will do for the cake'. 'I have few eggs, so I can't make the cake'.

More quantifiers III: Follow up exercise countable **O**\$ uncountable 05 positive negative 1/5

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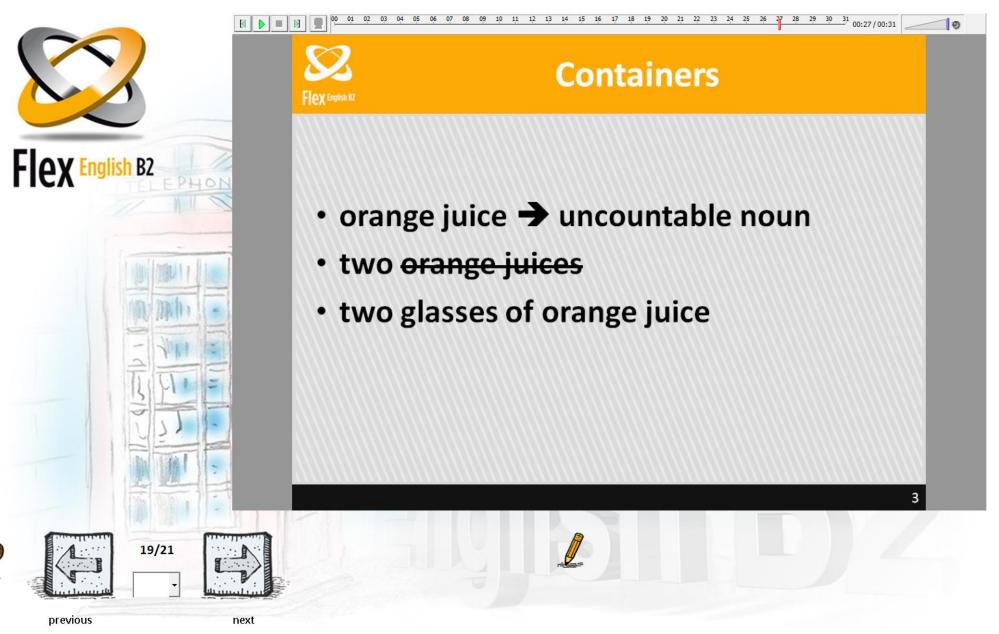




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Containers: Video lesson





Containers: Follow up exercise Fill in the gaps with the words provided. countable Flex English B2 uncountable 05 **Containers** When using such expressions the ___1__ noun becomes ___2__ because the container is a ___3__ noun too. For example, 'I need some bread'. 'Bread' in this case is an ___4__ noun. 'I need three loaves of bread'. 'Loaves of bread' is a countable noun. X 1/4 1/1 next blank 20/21 previous next



Match the containers with the appropriate nouns.

Containers: Follow up exercise II



A piece of	flour
A glass/bottle of	biscuits
A jar of	meat
A packet of	cake/information/advice/furniture/news
A slice/loaf of	milk
A bar of	bread
A bag of	soda
A can of	tea/coffee
A carton of	toothpaste
A cup of	chocolate/soup
A kilo/pound of	water/wine/beer
A tube of	jam





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end of section Close the window to go back



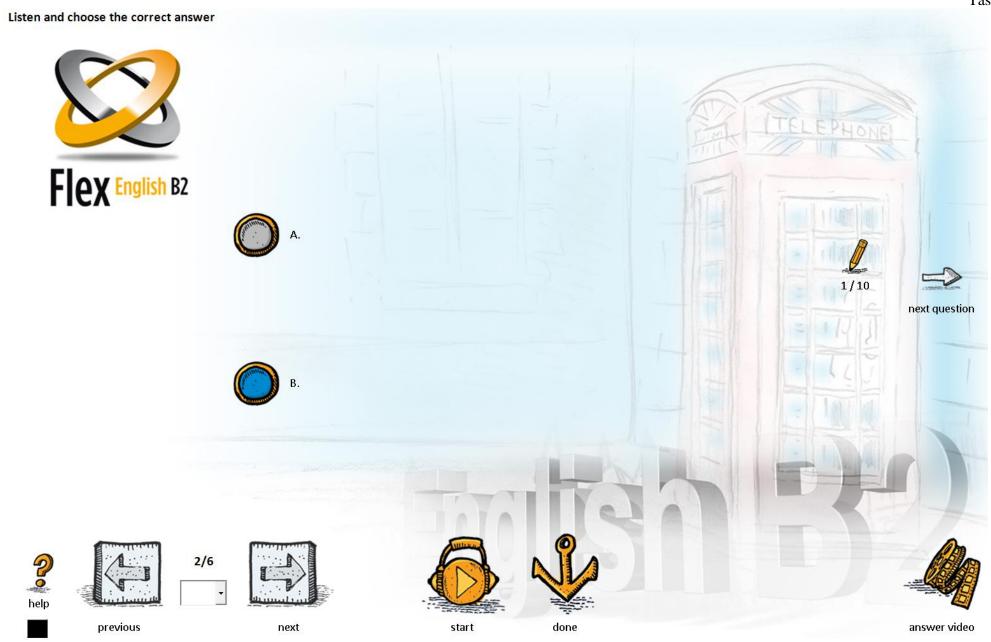




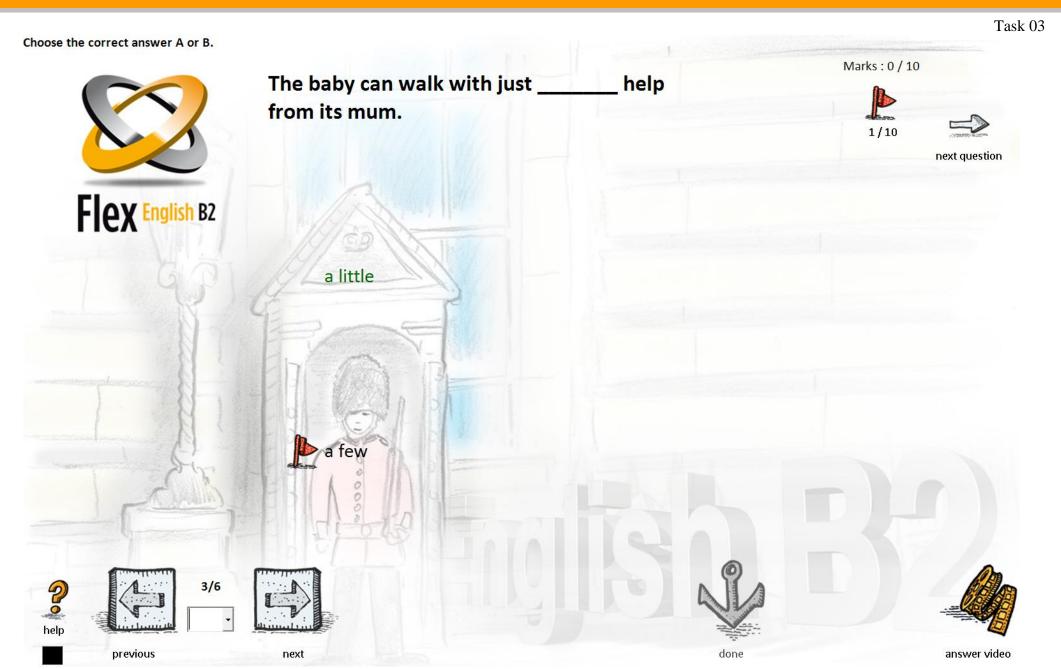
Task 01



Task 02

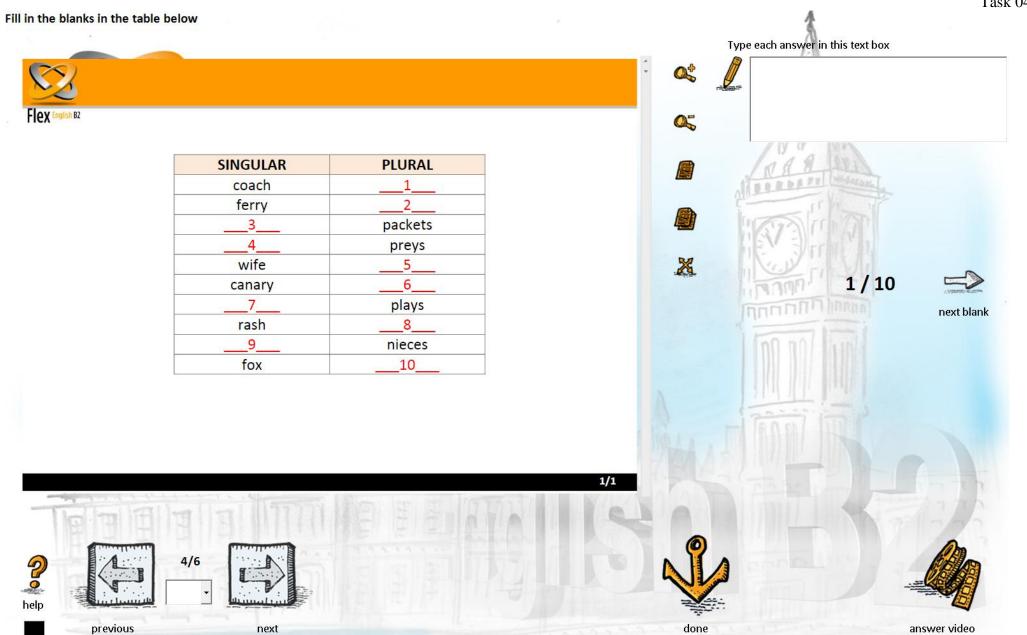






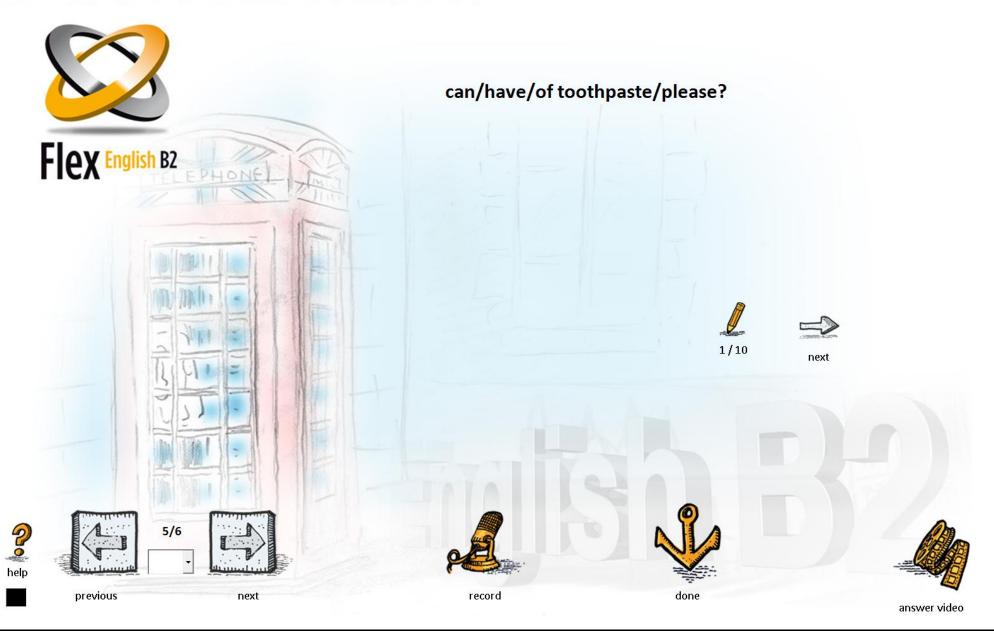


Task 04



Task 05

Put the words in the correct order, add the appropriate container each time and respond.



Task 06

Put the words in the correct order, add the appropriate container each time and respond.

